

⊢reescale Semiconductor

Data Sheet: Technical Data

MC9S08PA4 Data Sheet

Supports: MC9S08PA4(A) Key features

- 8-Bit S08 central processor unit (CPU)
 - Up to 20 MHz bus at 2.7 V to 5.5 V across operating temperature range
 - Supporting up to 40 interrupt/reset sources
 - Supporting up to four-level nested interrupt
 - On-chip memory
 - Up to 4 KB flash read/program/erase over full operating voltage and temperature
 - Up to 128 byte EEPROM; 2-byte erase sector; program and erase while executing flash
 - Up to 512 byte random-access memory (RAM)
 - Flash and RAM access protection

• Power-saving modes

- One low-power stop mode; reduced power wait mode
- Peripheral clock enable register can disable clocks to unused modules, reducing currents; allows clocks to remain enabled to specific peripherals in stop3 mode

Clocks

- Oscillator (XOSC) loop-controlled Pierce oscillator; crystal or ceramic resonator range of 31.25 kHz to 39.0625 kHz or 4 MHz to 20 MHz
- Internal clock source (ICS) containing a frequency-locked-loop (FLL) controlled by internal or external reference; precision trimming of internal reference allowing 1% deviation across temperature range of 0 °C to 70 °C and 2% deviation across whole operating temperature range; up to 20 MHz

· System protection

- Watchdog with independent clock source
- Low-voltage detection with reset or interrupt; selectable trip points
- Illegal opcode detection with reset
- Illegal address detection with reset

MC9S08PA4

MC9S08PA4A is recommended for new design

• Development support

- Single-wire background debug interface
- Breakpoint capability to allow three breakpoints setting during in-circuit debugging
- On-chip in-circuit emulator (ICE) debug module containing two comparators and nine trigger modes

· Peripherals

- ACMP one analog comparator with both positive and negative inputs; separately selectable interrupt on rising and falling comparator output; filtering
- ADC 8-channel, 12-bit resolution; 2.5 μs conversion time; data buffers with optional watermark; automatic compare function; internal bandgap reference channel; operation in stop mode; optional hardware trigger
- FTM two 2-channel flex timer modulators modules; 16-bit counter; each channel can be configured for input capture, output compare, edgeor center-aligned PWM mode
- RTC 16-bit real timer counter (RTC)
- SCI one serial communication interface (SCI/ UART) modules optional 13-bit break; full duplex non-return to zero (NRZ); LIN extension support

• Input/Output

- Up to 18 GPIOs including one output-only pin
- One 8-bit keyboard interrupt module (KBI)
- Two, ultra-high current sink pins supporting 20 mA source/sink current

· Package options

- 20-pin SOIC
- 16-pin TSSOP





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1 Ordering parts

1.1 Determining valid orderable parts

Valid orderable part numbers are provided on the web. To determine the orderable part numbers for this device, go to freescale.com and perform a part number search for the following device numbers: PA4.

2 Part identification

2.1 Description

Part numbers for the chip have fields that identify the specific part. You can use the values of these fields to determine the specific part you have received.

2.2 Format

Part numbers for this device have the following format:

MC 9 S08 PA AA (V) B CC

2.3 Fields

This table lists the possible values for each field in the part number (not all combinations are valid):

| Field | Description | Values |
|-------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| MC | Qualification status | MC = fully qualified, general market flow |
| 9 | Memory | 9 = flash based |
| S08 | Core | • S08 = 8-bit CPU |
| PA | Device family | • PA |
| AA | Approximate flash size in KB | • 4 = 4 KB |
| (V) | Mask set version | (blank) = Any version A = Rev. 2 or later version, this is recommended for new design |



rarameter Classification

| Field | Description | Values |
|-------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| В | Operating temperature range (°C) | M = -40 to 125 V = -40 to 105 |
| СС | Package designator | WJ = 20-SOICTG = 16-TSSOP |

2.4 Example

This is an example part number:

MC9S08PA4VWJ

3 Parameter Classification

The electrical parameters shown in this supplement are guaranteed by various methods. To give the customer a better understanding, the following classification is used and the parameters are tagged accordingly in the tables where appropriate:

Table 1. Parameter Classifications

| Р | Those parameters are guaranteed during production testing on each individual device. |
|---|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| С | Those parameters are achieved by the design characterization by measuring a statistically relevant sample size across process variations. |
| Т | Those parameters are achieved by design characterization on a small sample size from typical devices under typical conditions unless otherwise noted. All values shown in the typical column are within this category. |
| D | Those parameters are derived mainly from simulations. |

NOTE

The classification is shown in the column labeled "C" in the parameter tables where appropriate.

4 Ratings

4.1 Thermal handling ratings

| Symbol | Description | Min. | Max. | Unit | Notes |
|------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|------|------|-------|
| T _{STG} | Storage temperature | - 55 | 150 | °C | 1 |
| T _{SDR} | Solder temperature, lead-free | _ | 260 | °C | 2 |



- 1. Determined according to JEDEC Standard JESD22-A103, High Temperature Storage Life.
- 2. Determined according to IPC/JEDEC Standard J-STD-020, Moisture/Reflow Sensitivity Classification for Nonhermetic Solid State Surface Mount Devices.

4.2 Moisture handling ratings

| Symbol | ol Description | | Max. | Unit | Notes |
|--------|----------------------------|--|------|------|-------|
| MSL | Moisture sensitivity level | | 3 | _ | 1 |

1. Determined according to IPC/JEDEC Standard J-STD-020, Moisture/Reflow Sensitivity Classification for Nonhermetic Solid State Surface Mount Devices.

4.3 ESD handling ratings

| Symbol | Description | Min. | Max. | Unit | Notes |
|------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|------|-------|------|-------|
| V_{HBM} | BM Electrostatic discharge voltage, human body model | | +6000 | V | 1 |
| V _{CDM} | Electrostatic discharge voltage, charged-device model | -500 | +500 | V | 2 |
| I _{LAT} | Latch-up current at ambient temperature of 125°C | -100 | +100 | mA | 3 |

- Determined according to JEDEC Standard JESD22-A114, Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Sensitivity Testing Human Body Model (HBM).
- 2. Determined according to JEDEC Standard JESD22-C101, Field-Induced Charged-Device Model Test Method for Electrostatic-Discharge-Withstand Thresholds of Microelectronic Components.
- 3. Determined according to JEDEC Standard JESD78D, IC Latch-up Test.
 - Test was performed at 125 °C case temperature (Class II).
 - I/O pins pass +100/-100 mA I-test with I_{DD} current limit at 200 mA.
 - I/O pins pass +20/-100 mA I-test with I_{DD} current limit at 1000mA.
 - Supply groups pass 1.5 Vccmax.
 - RESET pin was only tested with negative I-test due to product conditioning requirement.

4.4 Voltage and current operating ratings

Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only, and functional operation at the maxima is not guaranteed. Stress beyond the limits specified in below table may affect device reliability or cause permanent damage to the device. For functional operating conditions, refer to the remaining tables in this document.

This device contains circuitry protecting against damage due to high static voltage or electrical fields; however, it is advised that normal precautions be taken to avoid application of any voltages higher than maximum-rated voltages to this high-impedance circuit. Reliability of operation is enhanced if unused inputs are tied to an appropriate logic voltage level (for instance, either V_{SS} or V_{DD}) or the programmable pullup resistor associated with the pin is enabled.



General

| Symbol | Description | Min. | Max. | Unit |
|------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------|
| V_{DD} | Supply voltage | -0.3 | 6.0 | V |
| I _{DD} | Maximum current into V _{DD} | _ | 120 | mA |
| V_{DIO} | Digital input voltage (except RESET, EXTAL, XTAL, or true open drain pin PTB0) | -0.3 | V _{DD} + 0.3 | V |
| | Digital input voltage (true open drain pin PTB0) | -0.3 | 6 | V |
| V _{AIO} | Analog ¹ , RESET, EXTAL, and XTAL input voltage | -0.3 | V _{DD} + 0.3 | V |
| I _D | Instantaneous maximum current single pin limit (applies to all port pins) | - 25 | 25 | mA |
| V_{DDA} | Analog supply voltage | V _{DD} – 0.3 | V _{DD} + 0.3 | V |

^{1.} All digital I/O pins, except open-drain pin PTB0, are internally clamped to V_{SS} and V_{DD} . PTB0 is only clamped to V_{SS} .

5 General

5.1 Nonswitching electrical specifications

5.1.1 DC characteristics

This section includes information about power supply requirements and I/O pin characteristics.

Table 2. DC characteristics

| Symbol | С | | Descriptions | | Min | Typical ¹ | Max | Unit |
|------------------|---|---------------------|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|------|------|
| _ | _ | Ope | rating voltage | _ | 2.7 | _ | 5.5 | V |
| V _{OH} | С | Output high voltage | All I/O pins, standard- drive strength | 5 V, I _{load} = -5 mA | V _{DD} - 0.8 | _ | _ | V |
| | С | | | 3 V, I _{load} = -2.5 mA | V _{DD} - 0.8 | _ | _ | V |
| | С | | High current drive pins, high-drive | 5 V, I _{load} = -20 mA | V _{DD} - 0.8 | _ | _ | V |
| | С | | strength ² | 3 V, I _{load} = -10 mA | V _{DD} - 0.8 | _ | _ | V |
| I _{OHT} | D | Output high | Max total I _{OH} for all | 5 V | _ | _ | -100 | mA |
| | | current | ports | 3 V | _ | _ | -50 | |
| V _{OL} | С | Output low voltage | All I/O pins, standard- drive strength | 5 V, I _{load} = 5 mA | _ | _ | 0.8 | V |
| | С | | | 3 V, I _{load} = 2.5 mA | _ | _ | 0.8 | V |



Table 2. DC characteristics (continued)

| Symbol | С | Descriptions | | | Min | Typical ¹ | Max | Unit |
|------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------|
| | С | | High current drive pins, high-drive | 5 V, I _{load} =20 mA | _ | _ | 0.8 | V |
| | С | | strength ² | 3 V, I _{load} = 10 mA | _ | _ | 0.8 | V |
| I _{OLT} | D | Output low | Max total I _{OL} for all | 5 V | | _ | 100 | mA |
| | | current | ports | 3 V | _ | _ | 50 | |
| V _{IH} | Р | Input high | All digital inputs | V _{DD} >4.5V | $0.70 \times V_{DD}$ | _ | _ | ٧ |
| | С | voltage | | V _{DD} >2.7V | $0.75 \times V_{DD}$ | _ | _ | |
| V _{IL} | Р | Input low | All digital inputs | V _{DD} >4.5V | _ | _ | $0.30 \times V_{DD}$ | V |
| | С | voltage | | V _{DD} >2.7V | | _ | $0.35 \times V_{DD}$ | |
| V_{hys} | С | Input hysteresis | All digital inputs | _ | $0.06 \times V_{DD}$ | _ | _ | mV |
| I _{In} | Р | Input leakage current | All input only pins (per pin) | $V_{IN} = V_{DD}$ or V_{SS} | _ | 0.1 | 1 | μA |
| ll _{OZ} l | Р | Hi-Z (off- state) leakage current | All input/output (per pin) | $V_{IN} = V_{DD}$ or V_{SS} | _ | 0.1 | 1 | μA |
| II _{OZTOT} I | С | Total leakage combined for all inputs and Hi-Z pins | All input only and I/O | $V_{IN} = V_{DD}$ or V_{SS} | _ | _ | 2 | μA |
| R _{PU} | Р | Pullup resistors | All digital inputs, when enabled (all I/O pins other than PTB0) | _ | 30.0 | _ | 50.0 | kΩ |
| R _{PU} ³ | Р | Pullup resistors | PTB0 pin | _ | 30.0 | | 60.0 | kΩ |
| I _{IC} | D | DC injection | Single pin limit | $V_{IN} < V_{SS}$ | -0.2 | _ | 2 | mA |
| | | current ^{4, 5, 6} | Total MCU limit, includes sum of all stressed pins | $V_{IN} > V_{DD}$ | -5 | _ | 25 | |
| C _{In} | С | Input cap | pacitance, all pins | _ | _ | _ | 7 | pF |
| V_{RAM} | С | RAM retention voltage | | _ | 2.0 | _ | _ | V |

- 1. Typical values are measured at 25 $^{\circ}$ C. Characterized, not tested.
- 2. Only PTB4, PTB5 support ultra high current output.
- 3. The specified resistor value is the actual value internal to the device. The pullup value may appear higher when measured externally on the pin.
- 4. All functional non-supply pins, except for PTB0, are internally clamped to V_{SS} and V_{DD} .
- 5. Input must be current-limited to the value specified. To determine the value of the required current-limiting resistor, calculate resistance values for positive and negative clamp voltages, then use the large one.
- 6. Power supply must maintain regulation within operating V_{DD} range during instantaneous and operating maximum current conditions. If the positive injection current (V_{In} > V_{DD}) is higher than I_{DD}, the injection current may flow out of V_{DD} and could result in external power supply going out of regulation. Ensure that external V_{DD} load will shunt current higher than maximum injection current when the MCU is not consuming power, such as no system clock is present, or clock rate is very low (which would reduce overall power consumption).



nonswitching electrical specifications

Table 3. LVD and POR Specification

| Symbol | С | Descri | ption | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|---------------------|---|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| V _{POR} | D | POR re-arm | voltage ^{1, 2} | 1.5 | 1.75 | 2.0 | V |
| V _{LVDH} | С | Falling low-vo threshold - high = 1 | range (LVDV | 4.2 | 4.3 | 4.4 | V |
| V _{LVW1H} | С | voltage | Level 1 falling (LVWV = 00) | 4.3 | 4.4 | 4.5 | V |
| V _{LVW2H} | С | warning threshold - high range | Level 2 falling (LVWV = 01) | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.6 | V |
| V _{LVW3H} | С | Iligii railige | Level 3 falling (LVWV = 10) | 4.6 | 4.6 | 4.7 | V |
| V _{LVW4H} | С | | Level 4 falling (LVWV = 11) | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.8 | V |
| V _{HYSH} | С | | High range low-voltage detect/warning hysteresis | | 100 | _ | mV |
| V _{LVDL} | С | threshold - low r | Falling low-voltage detect threshold - low range (LVDV = 0) | | 2.61 | 2.66 | V |
| V _{LVDW1L} | С | voltage | Level 1 falling (LVWV = 00) | 2.62 | 2.7 | 2.78 | V |
| V _{LVDW2L} | С | warning threshold - low range | Level 2 falling (LVWV = 01) | 2.72 | 2.8 | 2.88 | V |
| V _{LVDW3L} | С | low range = | Level 3 falling (LVWV = 10) | 2.82 | 2.9 | 2.98 | V |
| V _{LVDW4L} | С | | Level 4 falling (LVWV = 11) | 2.92 | 3.0 | 3.08 | V |
| V _{HYSDL} | С | | Low range low-voltage detect hysteresis | | 40 | _ | mV |
| V _{HYSWL} | С | | Low range low-voltage warning hysteresis | | 80 | _ | mV |
| V _{BG} | Р | Buffered band | lgap output ⁴ | 1.14 | 1.16 | 1.18 | V |

- 1. Maximum is highest voltage that POR is guaranteed.
- 2. POR ramp time must be longer than 20us/V to get a stable startup.
- 3. Rising thresholds are falling threshold + hysteresis.
- 4. Voltage factory trimmed at V_{DD} = 5.0 V, Temp = 25 °C



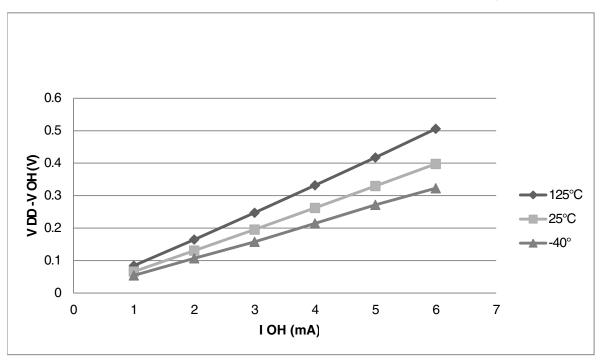


Figure 1. Typical I_{OH} Vs. V_{DD} - V_{OH} (standard drive strength) ($V_{DD} = 5$ V)

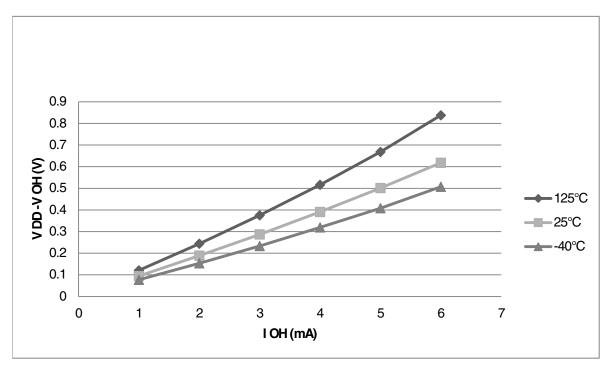


Figure 2. Typical I_{OH} Vs. V_{DD} - V_{OH} (standard drive strength) (V_{DD} = 3 V)



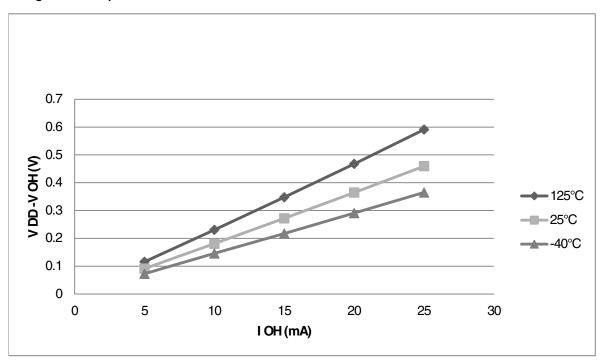


Figure 3. Typical I_{OH} Vs. V_{DD} - V_{OH} (high drive strength) (V_{DD} = 5 V)

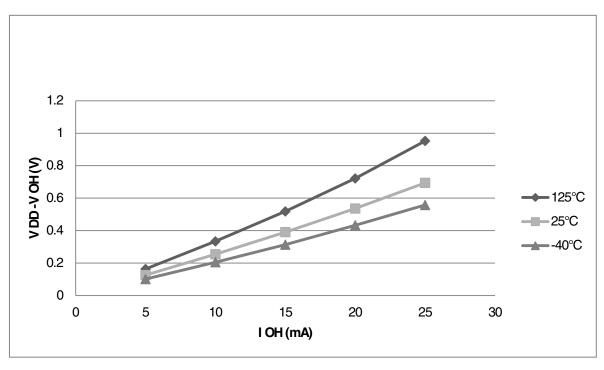


Figure 4. Typical I_{OH} Vs. V_{DD} - V_{OH} (high drive strength) (V_{DD} = 3 V)



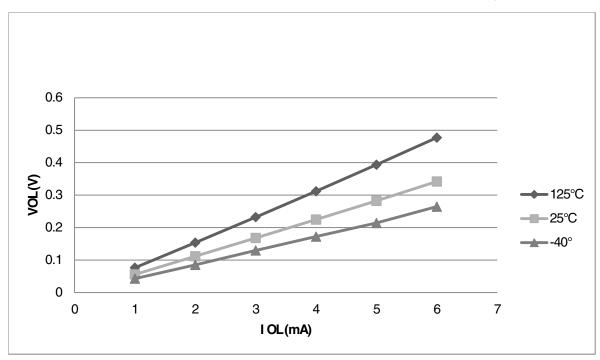


Figure 5. Typical I_{OL} Vs. V_{OL} (standard drive strength) ($V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}$)

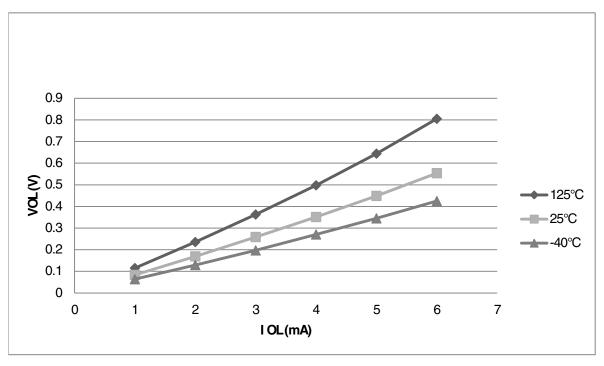


Figure 6. Typical I_{OL} Vs. V_{OL} (standard drive strength) ($V_{DD} = 3 \text{ V}$)



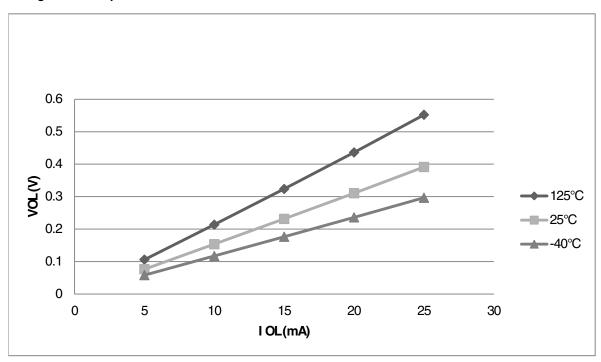


Figure 7. Typical I_{OL} Vs. V_{OL} (high drive strength) ($V_{DD} = 5$ V)

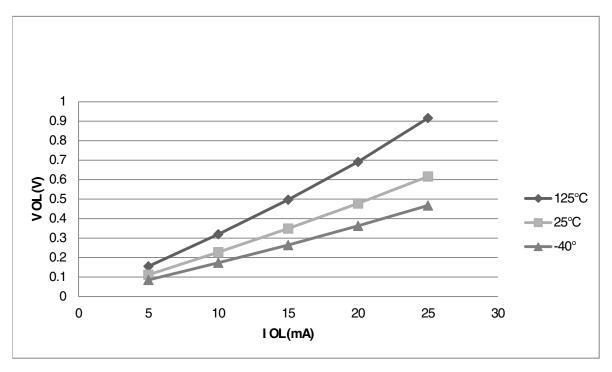


Figure 8. Typical I_{OL} Vs. V_{OL} (high drive strength) ($V_{DD} = 3 \text{ V}$)



5.1.2 Supply current characteristics

This section includes information about power supply current in various operating modes.

Table 4. Supply current characteristics in operating temperature range

| Num | С | Parameter | Symbol | Bus Freq | V _{DD} (V) | Typical ¹ | Max | Unit |
|-----|---|-----------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|----------|---------------------|----------------------|------|------|
| 1 | С | Run supply current FEI mode, | RI _{DD} | 20 MHz | 5 | 5.43 | _ | mA |
| | С | all modules on; run from flash | | 10 MHz | | 3.46 | _ | |
| | | | | 1 MHz | | 1.71 | _ | |
| | С | | | 20 MHz | 3 | 5.35 | _ | |
| | С | | | 10 MHz | | 3.45 | _ | |
| | | | | 1 MHz | | 1.69 | _ | |
| 2 | С | Run supply current FEI mode, | RI _{DD} | 20 MHz | 5 | 4.51 | _ | mA |
| | С | all modules off and gated; run from flash | | 10 MHz | | 3.01 | _ | |
| | | Hom hash | | 1 MHz | | 1.68 | _ | |
| | С | | | 20 MHz | 3 | 4.47 | _ | |
| | С | | | 10 MHz | | 2.99 | _ | |
| | | | | 1 MHz | | 1.65 | _ | |
| 3 | Р | Run supply current FBE | RI _{DD} | 20 MHz | 5 | 5.31 | 7.41 | mA |
| | С | mode, all modules on; run from RAM | | 10 MHz | | 3.17 | _ | |
| | | IIOIII NAIVI | | 1 MHz | | 1.25 | _ | |
| | С | | | 20 MHz | 3 | 5.29 | _ | |
| | С | | | 10 MHz | | 3.17 | _ | |
| | | | | 1 MHz | | 1.24 | _ | |
| 4 | Р | Run supply current FBE | RI _{DD} | 20 MHz | 5 | 4.39 | 6.59 | mA |
| | С | mode, all modules off and gated; run from RAM | | 10 MHz | | 2.71 | _ | |
| | | gated, full from HAM | | 1 MHz | | 1.21 | _ | |
| | С | | | 20 MHz | 3 | 4.39 | _ | |
| | С | | | 10 MHz | | 2.71 | _ | |
| | | | | 1 MHz | | 1.20 | _ | |
| 5 | С | Wait mode current FEI mode, | WI _{DD} | 20 MHz | 5 | 3.62 | _ | mA |
| | С | all modules on | | 10 MHz | | 2.27 | _ | |
| | | | | 1 MHz | | 1.11 | _ | |
| | С | | | 20 MHz | 3 | 3.61 | _ | |
| | | | | 10 MHz | | 2.31 | _ | 7 |
| | | | | 1 MHz | 1 | 1.10 | _ | 7 |
| 6 | С | Stop3 mode supply current | S3I _{DD} | _ | 5 | 5.4 | _ | μA |
| | С | no clocks active (except 1 kHz LPO clock) ^{2, 3} | | _ | 3 | 1.40 | _ | |
| 7 | С | ADC adder to stop3 | _ | _ | 5 | 96.0 | _ | μΑ |
| | С | ADLPC = 1 | _ | _ | 3 | 88.3 | _ | |



monswitching electrical specifications

Table 4. Supply current characteristics in operating temperature range (continued)

| Num | С | Parameter | Symbol | Bus Freq | V _{DD} (V) | Typical ¹ | Max | Unit |
|-----|---|---------------------|--------|----------|---------------------|----------------------|-----|------|
| | | ADLSMP = 1 | | | | | | |
| | | ADCO = 1 | | | | | | |
| | | MODE = 10B | | | | | | |
| | | ADICLK = 11B | | | | | | |
| 8 | С | LVD adder to stop34 | _ | _ | 5 | 129 | _ | μΑ |
| | С | | | | 3 | 126 | _ | |

- 1. Data in Typical column was characterized at 5.0 V, 25 °C or is typical recommended value.
- 2. RTC adder cause <1 μ A I_{DD} increase typically, RTC clock source is 1 kHz LPO clock.
- 3. ACMP adder cause <10 μA I_{DD} increase typically.
- 4. LVD is periodically woken up from stop3 by 5% duty cycle. The period is equal to or less than 2 ms.

5.1.3 EMC performance

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) performance is highly dependent on the environment in which the MCU resides. Board design and layout, circuit topology choices, location and characteristics of external components as well as MCU software operation all play a significant role in EMC performance. The system designer should consult Freescale applications notes such as AN2321, AN1050, AN1263, AN2764, and AN1259 for advice and guidance specifically targeted at optimizing EMC performance.

5.1.3.1 EMC radiated emissions operating behaviors Table 5. EMC radiated emissions operating behaviors for 20-pin SOIC package

| Symbol | Description | Frequency band (MHz) | Тур. | Unit | Notes |
|---------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------|------|------|-------|
| V _{RE1} | Radiated emissions voltage, band 1 | 0.15–50 | 7 | dΒμV | 1, 2 |
| V _{RE2} | Radiated emissions voltage, band 2 | 50–150 | 9 | dΒμV | |
| V _{RE3} | Radiated emissions voltage, band 3 | 150–500 | 8 | dΒμV | |
| V _{RE4} | Radiated emissions voltage, band 4 | 500-1000 | 5 | dΒμV | |
| V _{RE_IEC} | IEC level | 0.15-1000 | N | _ | 2, 3 |

- Determined according to IEC Standard 61967-1, Integrated Circuits Measurement of Electromagnetic Emissions, 150
 kHz to 1 GHz Part 1: General Conditions and Definitions and IEC Standard 61967-2, Integrated Circuits Measurement of
 Electromagnetic Emissions, 150 kHz to 1 GHz Part 2: Measurement of Radiated Emissions—TEM Cell and Wideband
 TEM Cell Method. Measurements were made while the microcontroller was running basic application code. The reported
 emission level is the value of the maximum measured emission, rounded up to the next whole number, from among the
 measured orientations in each frequency range.
- 2. $V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$, $T_A = 25 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$, $f_{OSC} = 10 \text{ MHz}$ (crystal), $f_{SYS} = 20 \,^{\circ}\text{MHz}$, $f_{BUS} = 20 \,^{\circ}\text{MHz}$
- 3. Specified according to Annex D of IEC Standard 61967-2, Measurement of Radiated Emissions—TEM Cell and Wideband TEM Cell Method



5.2 Switching specifications

5.2.1 Control timing

Table 6. Control timing

| Num | С | Rating | J | Symbol | Min | Typical ¹ | Max | Unit |
|-----|---|---------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------|------|
| 1 | Р | Bus frequency (t _{cyc} = 1/f _{Bus} |) | f _{Bus} | DC | _ | 20 | MHz |
| 2 | Р | Internal low power oscillato | r frequency | f _{LPO} | 0.67 | 1.0 | 1.25 | KHz |
| 3 | D | External reset pulse width ² | | t _{extrst} | 1.5 × | _ | _ | ns |
| | | | | | t _{cyc} | | | |
| 4 | D | Reset low drive | | t _{rstdrv} | $34 \times t_{cyc}$ | _ | _ | ns |
| 5 | D | BKGD/MS setup time after debug force reset to enter u | | t _{MSSU} | 500 | _ | _ | ns |
| 6 | D | BKGD/MS hold time after is debug force reset to enter u | • | t _{MSH} | 100 | _ | _ | ns |
| 7 | D | IRQ pulse width | Asynchronous path ² | t _{ILIH} | 100 | _ | _ | ns |
| | D | | Synchronous path ⁴ | t _{IHIL} | $1.5 \times t_{cyc}$ | _ | _ | ns |
| 8 | D | Keyboard interrupt pulse width | Asynchronous path ² | t _{ILIH} | 100 | _ | _ | ns |
| | D | | Synchronous path | t _{IHIL} | $1.5 \times t_{cyc}$ | _ | _ | ns |
| 9 | С | Port rise and fall time - | _ | t _{Rise} | _ | 10.2 | _ | ns |
| | С | standard drive strength (load = 50 pF) ⁵ | | t _{Fall} | _ | 9.5 | _ | ns |
| | С | Port rise and fall time - | _ | t _{Rise} | _ | 5.4 | _ | ns |
| | С | high drive strength (load = 50 pF) ⁵ | | t _{Fall} | _ | 4.6 | _ | ns |

- 1. Typical values are based on characterization data at V_{DD} = 5.0 V, 25 °C unless otherwise stated.
- 2. This is the shortest pulse that is guaranteed to be recognized as a reset pin request.
- To enter BDM mode following a POR, BKGD/MS must be held low during the powerup and for a hold time of t_{MSH} after V_{DD} rises above V_{LVD}.
- 4. This is the minimum pulse width that is guaranteed to pass through the pin synchronization circuitry. Shorter pulses may or may not be recognized. In stop mode, the synchronizer is bypassed so shorter pulses can be recognized.
- 5. Timing is shown with respect to 20% V_{DD} and 80% V_{DD} levels in operating temperature range.

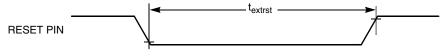


Figure 9. Reset timing



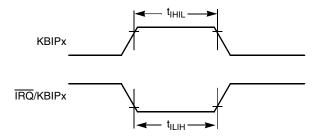


Figure 10. IRQ/KBIPx timing

5.2.2 Debug trace timing specifications

Table 7. Debug trace operating behaviors

| Symbol | Description | Min. | Max. | Unit | |
|------------------|-------------------------------|------|---------------------|------|--|
| t _{cyc} | t _{cyc} Clock period | | Frequency dependent | | |
| t _{wl} | Low pulse width | 2 | _ | ns | |
| t _{wh} | High pulse width | 2 | _ | ns | |
| t _r | Clock and data rise time | _ | 3 | ns | |
| t _f | Clock and data fall time | _ | 3 | ns | |
| t _s | Data setup | 3 | _ | ns | |
| t _h | Data hold | 2 | _ | ns | |

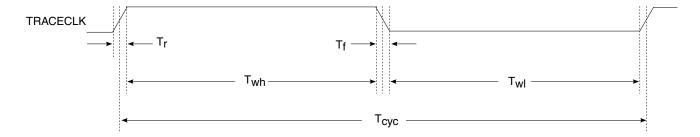


Figure 11. TRACE_CLKOUT specifications

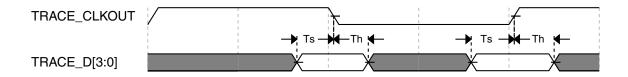


Figure 12. Trace data specifications



5.2.3 FTM module timing

Synchronizer circuits determine the shortest input pulses that can be recognized or the fastest clock that can be used as the optional external source to the timer counter. These synchronizers operate from the current bus rate clock.

| No. | С | Function | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit |
|-----|---|---------------------------|-------------------|-----|---------------------|------------------|
| 1 | D | External clock frequency | f _{TCLK} | 0 | f _{Bus} /4 | Hz |
| 2 | D | External clock period | t _{TCLK} | 4 | _ | t _{cyc} |
| 3 | D | External clock high time | t _{clkh} | 1.5 | _ | t _{cyc} |
| 4 | D | External clock low time | t _{clkl} | 1.5 | _ | t _{cyc} |
| 5 | D | Input capture pulse width | t _{ICPW} | 1.5 | _ | t _{cyc} |

Table 8. FTM input timing

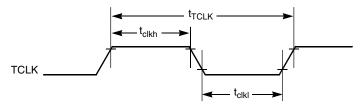


Figure 13. Timer external clock

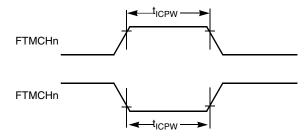


Figure 14. Timer input capture pulse

5.3 Thermal specifications

5.3.1 Thermal characteristics

This section provides information about operating temperature range, power dissipation, and package thermal resistance. Power dissipation on I/O pins is usually small compared to the power dissipation in on-chip logic and voltage regulator circuits, and it is user-determined rather than being controlled by the MCU design. To take $P_{\rm I/O}$ into account in power calculations, determine the difference between actual pin voltage and $V_{\rm SS}$ or $V_{\rm DD}$ and multiply by the pin current for each I/O pin. Except in cases of unusually high pin current (heavy loads), the difference between pin voltage and $V_{\rm SS}$ or $V_{\rm DD}$ will be very small.

Symbol Value Unit Rating °C Operating temperature T_L to T_H • -40 to 125 for MC9S08PA4Mxx parts range (packaged) -40 to 105 for MC9S08PA4Vxx parts °С Junction temperature $T_{.1}$ -40 to 150 range Thermal resistance single-layer board 20-pin SOIC °C/W $R_{\theta JA}$ $R_{\theta JA}$ 16-pin TSSOP 130 °C/W Thermal resistance four-layer board $R_{\theta JA}$ 20-pin SOIC 54 °C/W 16-pin TSSOP $R_{\theta JA}$ 87 °C/W

Table 9. Thermal characteristics

6 Peripheral operating requirements and behaviors

6.1 External oscillator (XOSC) and ICS characteristics

Table 10. XOSC and ICS specifications in operating temperature range

| Num | С | Characteristic | | Symbol | Min | Typical ¹ | Max | Unit |
|-----|---|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-------|----------------------|---------|------|
| 1 | С | Oscillator crystal or resonator | Low range (RANGE = 0) | f _{lo} | 31.25 | 32.768 | 39.0625 | kHz |

Maximum T_A can be exceeded only if the user ensures that T_J does not exceed the maximum. The simplest method to determine T_J is: T_J = T_A + R_{BJA} x chip power dissipation.



Table 10. XOSC and ICS specifications in operating temperature range (continued)

| Num | С | С | haracteristic | Symbol | Min | Typical ¹ | Max | Unit |
|-----|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|---------|-----------------------|------|-------------------|
| | С | | High range (RANGE = 1) FEE or FBE mode ² | f _{hi} | 4 | _ | 20 | MHz |
| | С | | High range (RANGE = 1), high gain (HGO = 1), FBELP mode | f _{hi} | 4 | _ | 20 | MHz |
| | С | | High range (RANGE = 1), low power (HGO = 0), FBELP mode | f _{hi} | 4 | _ | 20 | MHz |
| 2 | D | Lo | oad capacitors | C1, C2 | | See Note ³ | | |
| 3 | D | Feedback resistor | Low Frequency, Low-Power Mode ⁴ | R _F | _ | _ | _ | ΜΩ |
| | | | Low Frequency, High-Gain Mode | | _ | 10 | _ | ΜΩ |
| | | | High Frequency, Low- Power Mode | | _ | 1 | _ | ΜΩ |
| | | | High Frequency, High-Gain Mode | | _ | 1 | _ | ΜΩ |
| 4 | D Series resistor - | | Low-Power Mode ⁴ | R _S | _ | _ | _ | kΩ |
| | | Low Frequency | High-Gain Mode | | _ | 200 | _ | kΩ |
| 5 | D | Series resistor - High Frequency | Low-Power Mode ⁴ | R _S | _ | _ | _ | kΩ |
| | D | Series resistor - | 4 MHz | | _ | 0 | _ | kΩ |
| | D | High Frequency, | 8 MHz | | _ | 0 | _ | kΩ |
| | D | High-Gain Mode | 16 MHz | | _ | 0 | _ | kΩ |
| 6 | С | Crystal start-up | Low range, low power | t _{CSTL} | _ | 1000 | _ | ms |
| | С | time Low range = 32.768 kHz | Low range, high power | | _ | 800 | _ | ms |
| | С | crystal; High | High range, low power | t _{CSTH} | _ | 3 | _ | ms |
| | С | range = 20 MHz crystal ⁵ , ⁶ | High range, high power | | _ | 1.5 | _ | ms |
| 7 | Т | Internal re | eference start-up time | t _{IRST} | _ | 20 | 50 | μs |
| 8 | D | Square wave | FEE or FBE mode ² | f _{extal} | 0.03125 | _ | 5 | MHz |
| | D | input clock frequency | FBELP mode | | 0 | _ | 20 | MHz |
| 9 | Р | Average inter | nal reference frequency - trimmed | f _{int_t} | _ | 31.25 | _ | kHz |
| 10 | Р | DCO output fi | requency range - trimmed | f _{dco_t} | 16 | _ | 20 | MHz |
| 11 | Р | Total deviation of DCO output | Over full voltage and temperature range | Δf_{dco_t} | _ | _ | ±2.0 | %f _{dco} |
| | С | from trimmed frequency ⁵ | Over fixed voltage and temperature range of 0 to 70 °C | | | | ±1.0 | |
| 12 | С | FLL a | cquisition time ⁵ , ⁷ | t _{Acquire} | | _ | 2 | ms |
| 13 | С | | tter of DCO output clock d over 2 ms interval) ⁸ | C _{Jitter} | _ | 0.02 | 0.2 | %f _{dco} |

^{1.} Data in Typical column was characterized at 5.0 V, 25 °C or is typical recommended value.



reripheral operating requirements and behaviors

- When ICS is configured for FEE or FBE mode, input clock source must be divisible using RDIV to within the range of 31.25 kHz to 39.0625 kHz.
- 3. See crystal or resonator manufacturer's recommendation.
- Load capacitors (C₁,C₂), feedback resistor (R_F) and series resistor (R_S) are incorporated internally when RANGE = HGO = 0.
- 5. This parameter is characterized and not tested on each device.
- 6. Proper PC board layout procedures must be followed to achieve specifications.
- 7. This specification applies to any time the FLL reference source or reference divider is changed, trim value changed, or changing from FLL disabled (FBELP, FBILP) to FLL enabled (FEI, FEE, FBE, FBI). If a crystal/resonator is being used as the reference, this specification assumes it is already running.
- 8. Jitter is the average deviation from the programmed frequency measured over the specified interval at maximum f_{Bus}. Measurements are made with the device powered by filtered supplies and clocked by a stable external clock signal. Noise injected into the FLL circuitry via V_{DD} and V_{SS} and variation in crystal oscillator frequency increase the C_{Jitter} percentage for a given interval.

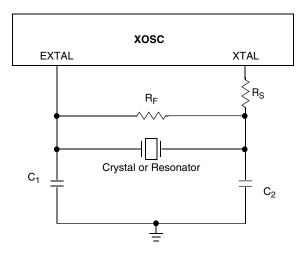


Figure 15. Typical crystal or resonator circuit

6.2 NVM specifications

This section provides details about program/erase times and program/erase endurance for the flash and EEPROM memories.

| С | Characteristic | Symbol | Min ¹ | Typical ² | Max ³ | Unit ⁴ |
|---|---------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|----------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| D | Supply voltage for program/erase in the operating temperature range | V _{prog/erase} | 2.7 | _ | 5.5 | V |
| D | Supply voltage for read operation | V _{Read} | 2.7 | _ | 5.5 | V |
| D | NVM Bus frequency | f _{NVMBUS} | 1 | _ | 25 | MHz |
| D | NVM Operating frequency | f _{NVMOP} | 0.8 | 1 | 1.05 | MHz |
| D | Erase Verify All Blocks | t _{VFYALL} | _ | _ | 17338 | t _{cyc} |
| D | Erase Verify Flash Block | t _{RD1BLK} | _ | _ | 16913 | t _{cyc} |
| D | Erase Verify EEPROM Block | t _{RD1BLK} | _ | _ | 810 | t _{cyc} |
| D | Erase Verify Flash Section | t _{RD1SEC} | _ | _ | 484 | t _{cyc} |
| D | Erase Verify EEPROM Section | t _{DRD1SEC} | _ | _ | 555 | t _{cyc} |

Table 11. Flash characteristics



Table 11. Flash characteristics (continued)

| С | Characteristic | Symbol | Min ¹ | Typical ² | Max ³ | Unit ⁴ |
|---|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------|----------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| D | Read Once | t _{RDONCE} | _ | _ | 450 | t _{cyc} |
| D | Program Flash (2 word) | t _{PGM2} | 0.12 | 0.12 | 0.29 | ms |
| D | Program Flash (4 word) | t _{PGM4} | 0.20 | 0.21 | 0.46 | ms |
| D | Program Once | t _{PGMONCE} | 0.20 | 0.21 | 0.21 | ms |
| D | Program EEPROM (1 Byte) | t _{DPGM1} | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.27 | ms |
| D | Program EEPROM (2 Byte) | t _{DPGM2} | 0.17 | 0.18 | 0.43 | ms |
| D | Program EEPROM (3 Byte) | t _{DPGM3} | 0.25 | 0.26 | 0.60 | ms |
| D | Program EEPROM (4 Byte) | t _{DPGM4} | 0.32 | 0.33 | 0.77 | ms |
| D | Erase All Blocks | t _{ERSALL} | 96.01 | 100.78 | 101.49 | ms |
| D | Erase Flash Block | t _{ERSBLK} | 95.98 | 100.75 | 101.44 | ms |
| D | Erase Flash Sector | t _{ERSPG} | 19.10 | 20.05 | 20.08 | ms |
| D | Erase EEPROM Sector | t _{DERSPG} | 4.81 | 5.05 | 20.57 | ms |
| D | Unsecure Flash | t _{UNSECU} | 96.01 | 100.78 | 101.48 | ms |
| D | Verify Backdoor Access Key | t_{VFYKEY} | _ | _ | 464 | t _{cyc} |
| D | Set User Margin Level | t _{MLOADU} | _ | _ | 407 | t _{cyc} |
| С | $ \begin{array}{c} \text{FLASH Program/erase endurance T}_{\text{L}} \text{ to} \\ \text{T}_{\text{H}} \text{ in the operating temperature range} \end{array} $ | n _{FLPE} | 10 k | 100 k | _ | Cycles |
| С | EEPROM Program/erase endurance TL to TH in the operating temperature range | n _{FLPE} | 50 k | 500 k | _ | Cycles |
| С | Data retention at an average junction temperature of T _{Javg} = 85°C after up to 10,000 program/erase cycles | t _{D_ret} | 15 | 100 | _ | years |

- 1. Minimum times are based on maximum $f_{\mbox{\scriptsize NVMOP}}$ and maximum $f_{\mbox{\scriptsize NVMBUS}}$
- 2. Typical times are based on typical f_{NVMOP} and maximum f_{NVMBUS}
- 3. Maximum times are based on typical f_{NVMOP} and typical f_{NVMBUS} plus aging
- 4. $t_{cyc} = 1 / f_{NVMBUS}$

Program and erase operations do not require any special power sources other than the normal V_{DD} supply. For more detailed information about program/erase operations, see the Memory section.

6.3 Analog



rempheral operating requirements and behaviors

6.3.1 ADC characteristics

Table 12. 5 V 12-bit ADC operating conditions

| Characteri stic | Conditions | Symb | Min | Typ ¹ | Max | Unit | Comment |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|------|-----------------|
| Supply | Absolute | V _{DDA} | 2.7 | _ | 5.5 | V | _ |
| voltage | Delta to V _{DD} (V _{DD} -V _{DDAD}) | ΔV_{DDA} | -100 | 0 | +100 | mV | |
| Ground voltage | Delta to V _{SS} (V _{SS} -V _{SSA}) ² | ΔV _{SSA} | -100 | 0 | +100 | mV | |
| Input voltage | | V _{ADIN} | V _{REFL} | _ | V _{REFH} | V | |
| Input capacitance | | C _{ADIN} | _ | 4.5 | 5.5 | pF | |
| Input resistance | | R _{ADIN} | _ | 3 | 5 | kΩ | _ |
| Analog source | 12-bit mode • f _{ADCK} > 4 MHz | R _{AS} | _ | _ | 2 | kΩ | External to MCU |
| resistance | • f _{ADCK} < 4 MHz | | _ | _ | 5 | | |
| | 10-bit mode • f _{ADCK} > 4 MHz | | _ | _ | 5 | | |
| | • f _{ADCK} < 4 MHz | | _ | _ | 10 | | |
| | 8-bit mode | 1 | _ | _ | 10 | | |
| | (all valid f _{ADCK}) | | | | | | |
| ADC | High speed (ADLPC=0) | f _{ADCK} | 0.4 | _ | 8.0 | MHz | _ |
| conversion clock frequency | Low power (ADLPC=1) | | 0.4 | _ | 4.0 | | |

^{1.} Typical values assume $V_{DDA} = 5.0 \text{ V}$, Temp = 25°C, $f_{ADCK} = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$ unless otherwise stated. Typical values are for reference only and are not tested in production.

^{2.} DC potential difference.



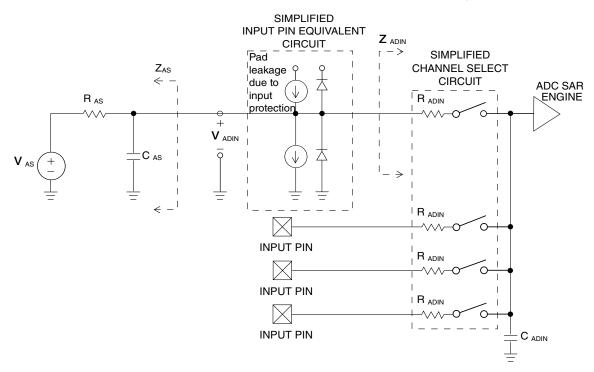


Figure 16. ADC input impedance equivalency diagram

Table 13. 12-bit ADC Characteristics ($V_{REFH} = V_{DDA}$, $V_{REFL} = V_{SSA}$)

| Characteristic | Conditions | С | Symb | Min | Typ ¹ | Max | Unit |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|---|--------------------|-----|------------------|-----|------|
| Supply current | | Т | I _{DDA} | _ | 133 | _ | μΑ |
| ADLPC = 1 | | | | | | | |
| ADLSMP = 1 | | | | | | | |
| ADCO = 1 | | | | | | | |
| Supply current | | Т | I _{DDA} | _ | 218 | _ | μA |
| ADLPC = 1 | | | | | | | |
| ADLSMP = 0 | | | | | | | |
| ADCO = 1 | | | | | | | |
| Supply current | | Т | I _{DDA} | _ | 327 | _ | μA |
| ADLPC = 0 | | | | | | | |
| ADLSMP = 1 | | | | | | | |
| ADCO = 1 | | | | | | | |
| Supply current | | Т | I _{DDAD} | _ | 582 | 990 | μA |
| ADLPC = 0 | | | | | | | |
| ADLSMP = 0 | | | | | | | |
| ADCO = 1 | | | | | | | |
| Supply current | Stop, reset, module off | Т | I _{DDA} | _ | 0.011 | 1 | μA |
| ADC asynchronous clock source | High speed (ADLPC = 0) | Р | f _{ADACK} | 2 | 3.3 | 5 | MHz |



reripheral operating requirements and behaviors

Table 13. 12-bit ADC Characteristics ($V_{REFH} = V_{DDA}$, $V_{REFL} = V_{SSA}$) (continued)

| Characteristic | Conditions | С | Symb | Min | Typ ¹ | Max | Unit |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|---|---------------------|------|-----------------------------------|-------|------------------|
| | Low power (ADLPC = 1) | | | 1.25 | 2 | 3.3 | |
| Conversion time (including sample | Short sample (ADLSMP = 0) | Т | t _{ADC} | _ | 20 | _ | ADCK cycles |
| time) | Long sample (ADLSMP = 1) | | | _ | 40 | _ | |
| Sample time | Short sample (ADLSMP = 0) | Т | t _{ADS} | _ | 3.5 | _ | ADCK cycles |
| | Long sample (ADLSMP = 1) | | | _ | 23.5 | _ | |
| Total unadjusted | 12-bit mode | Т | E _{TUE} | _ | ±5.0 | _ | LSB ³ |
| Error ² | 10-bit mode | Р | | _ | ±1.5 | ±2.0 | |
| | 8-bit mode | Р | | _ | ±0.7 | ±1.0 | |
| Linearity | 12-bit mode | Т | DNL | _ | ±1.0 | _ | LSB ³ |
| | 10-bit mode ⁴ | Р | | _ | ±0.25 | ±0.5 | |
| | 8-bit mode ⁴ | Р | | _ | ±0.15 | ±0.25 | |
| Integral Non-Linearity | 12-bit mode | Т | INL | _ | ±1.0 | _ | LSB ³ |
| | 10-bit mode | Т | | _ | ±0.3 | ±0.5 | |
| | 8-bit mode | Т | | _ | ±0.15 | ±0.25 | |
| Zero-scale error ⁵ | 12-bit mode | С | E _{ZS} | _ | ±2.0 | _ | LSB ³ |
| | 10-bit mode | Р | | _ | ±0.25 | ±1.0 | |
| | 8-bit mode | Р | | _ | ±0.65 | ±1.0 | |
| Full-scale error ⁶ | 12-bit mode | Т | E _{FS} | _ | ±2.5 | _ | LSB ³ |
| | 10-bit mode | Т | | _ | ±0.5 | ±1.0 | - |
| | 8-bit mode | Т | | _ | ±0.5 | ±1.0 |] |
| Quantization error | ≤12 bit modes | D | EQ | _ | _ | ±0.5 | LSB ³ |
| Input leakage error ⁷ | all modes | D | E _{IL} | | I _{In} * R _{AS} | • | mV |
| Temp sensor slope | -40°C- 25°C | D | m | _ | 3.266 | _ | mV/°C |
| | 25°C- 125°C | | | _ | 3.638 | _ |] |
| Temp sensor voltage | 25°C | D | V _{TEMP25} | _ | 1.396 | _ | V |

^{1.} Typical values assume V_{DDA} = 5.0 V, Temp = 25°C, f_{ADCK}=1.0 MHz unless otherwise stated. Typical values are for reference only and are not tested in production.

^{2.} Includes quantization.

^{3.} $1 LSB = (V_{REFH} - V_{REFL})/2^N$

^{4.} Monotonicity and no-missing-codes guaranteed in 10-bit and 8-bit modes

^{5.} $V_{ADIN} = V_{SSA}$

^{6.} $V_{ADIN} = V_{DDA}$

^{7.} I_{In} = leakage current (refer to DC characteristics)



6.3.2 Analog comparator (ACMP) electricals

Table 14. Comparator electrical specifications

| С | Characteristic | Symbol | Min | Typical | Max | Unit |
|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------|-----------|------|
| D | Supply voltage | V_{DDA} | 2.7 | _ | 5.5 | V |
| Т | Supply current (Operation mode) | I _{DDA} | _ | 10 | 20 | μΑ |
| D | Analog input voltage | V _{AIN} | V _{SS} - 0.3 | _ | V_{DDA} | V |
| Р | Analog input offset voltage | V _{AIO} | _ | _ | 40 | mV |
| С | Analog comparator hysteresis (HYST=0) | V _H | _ | 15 | 20 | mV |
| С | Analog comparator hysteresis (HYST=1) | V _H | _ | 20 | 30 | mV |
| Т | Supply current (Off mode) | I _{DDAOFF} | _ | 60 | _ | nA |
| С | Propagation Delay | t _D | _ | 0.4 | 1 | μs |

7 Dimensions

7.1 Obtaining package dimensions

Package dimensions are provided in package drawings.

To find a package drawing, go to freescale.com and perform a keyword search for the drawing's document number:

| If you want the drawing for this package | Then use this document number |
|------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 16-pin TSSOP | 98ASH70247A |
| 20-pin SOIC | 98ASB42343B |

8 Pinout

8.1 Signal multiplexing and pin assignments

The following table shows the signals available on each pin and the locations of these pins on the devices supported by this document. The Port Control Module is responsible for selecting which ALT functionality is available on each pin.



rmout

Table 15. Pin availability by package pin-count

| Pin Number | | Lowest Priority <> Highest | | | | |
|------------|----------|----------------------------|--------|---------|-------|-----------------|
| 20-SOIC | 16-TSSOP | Port Pin | Alt 1 | Alt 2 | Alt 3 | Alt 4 |
| 1 | 1 | PTA5 | IRQ | FTM1CH0 | _ | RESET |
| 2 | 2 | PTA4 | _ | ACMPO | BKGD | MS |
| 3 | 3 | _ | _ | _ | _ | V_{DD} |
| 4 | 4 | _ | _ | _ | _ | V _{SS} |
| 5 | 5 | PTB7 | _ | _ | _ | EXTAL |
| 6 | 6 | PTB6 | _ | _ | _ | XTAL |
| 7 | 7 | PTB5 ¹ | _ | FTM1CH1 | _ | _ |
| 8 | 8 | PTB4 ¹ | _ | FTM1CH0 | _ | _ |
| 9 | _ | PTC3 | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 10 | _ | PTC2 | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 11 | _ | PTC1 | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 12 | _ | PTC0 | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 13 | 9 | PTB3 | KBI0P7 | _ | TCLK1 | ADP7 |
| 14 | 10 | PTB2 | KBI0P6 | _ | _ | ADP6 |
| 15 | 11 | PTB1 | KBI0P5 | TxD0 | _ | ADP5 |
| 16 | 12 | PTB0 ² | KBI0P4 | RxD0 | TCLK0 | ADP4 |
| 17 | 13 | PTA3 | KBI0P3 | FTM0CH1 | TxD0 | ADP3 |
| 18 | 14 | PTA2 | KBI0P2 | FTM0CH0 | RxD0 | ADP2 |
| 19 | 15 | PTA1 | KBI0P1 | FTM0CH1 | ACMP1 | ADP1 |
| 20 | 16 | PTA0 | KBI0P0 | FTM0CH0 | ACMP0 | ADP0 |

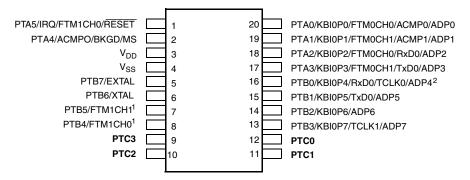
- 1. This is a high current drive pin when operated as output.
- 2. This is a true open-drain pin when operated as output.

Note

When an alternative function is first enabled, it is possible to get a spurious edge to the module. User software must clear any associated flags before interrupts are enabled. The table above illustrates the priority if multiple modules are enabled. The highest priority module will have control over the pin. Selecting a higher priority pin function with a lower priority function already enabled can cause spurious edges to the lower priority module. Disable all modules that share a pin before enabling another module.

8.2 Device pin assignment

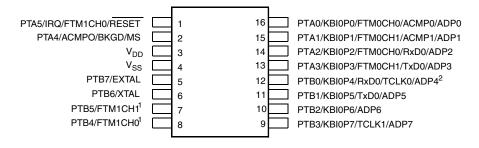




Pins in **bold** are not available on less pin-count packages.

- 1. High source/sink current pins
- 2. True open drain pins

Figure 17. MC9S08PA4 20-pin SOIC package



Pins in **bold** are not available on less pin-count packages.

- 1. High source/sink current pins
- 2. True open drain pins

Figure 18. 16-pin TSSOP package

9 Revision history

The following table provides a revision history for this document.

Table 16. Revision history

| Rev. No. | Date | Substantial Changes |
|----------|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 2 | 12/2012 | Initial public release |
| 3 | 5/2014 | Renamed the low drive strength to standard drive strength. Updated V_{DIO}. Added footnote on the S3I_{DD} Updated EMC test conditions to be f_{OSC} = 10 MHz and f_{SYS} = 20 MHz Updated f_{int_t} Updated Flash characteristics Updated the rating descriptions for t_{Rise} and t_{Fall} Updated footnote on t_{Acquire} Added new part of MC9S08PA4MTG with operating tempature range from -40 to 125 °C Updated I_{LAT} |

Revision history

Table 16. Revision history (continued)

| Rev. No. | Date | Substantial Changes |
|----------|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 3.1 | 09/2014 | Updated the part number format to add new field for new part numbers in Fields. |
| 4 | 06/2015 | Corrected the Min. of the t_{extrst} in Control timing Updated Thermal characteristics to add footnote to the T_A and removed redundant information |



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